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something to do with castration type injuries?
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       les, sir, a chargerst to the morders of the three little.
2
   Anything else you would have told him?
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   a - No. sir. - being place to her?
       Didn't mention to him about injuries to the ears or
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   anything like that? The Your Louis I object to this
       Bo, sir. the Be's asking as I was una he's getting toward
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       Didn't mention to him anything about signs or injuries or
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   indication of sexual abuse?
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   No. sir, I can't recall.
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           (WITNESS EXCUSED)
22
   RHONDA DEDMAN
13
   having been first duly sworn to speak the truth, the whole truth
24
   and nothing but the truth, then testified as follows:
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           DIRECT EXAMINATION
16
   BY MR. STIDEAM:
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       Will you please state your name?
118
       Rhonda Dedman, This Is proper recommend for
19
       Where do you live? . I they had the statement. If they
20
       Righland Park in Marion.
24
       Are you familiar with the defendant Jessie Misskelley?
22
       Yes, sir,
23
       Now long have you known him?
24
       Around fourteen years.
25
       Are you familiar with Vickie Hutcheson?
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Single

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Yes, sir. "t think you can collaterally attack it. Can you

At anytime subsequent to the murders of the three little boys, did you have a conversation with Miss Hutcheson regarding the reward money being given to her? Yes, sir. Mr. Sylonene It the witness denies it or gays

MR. DAVIS: Your Honor, I object to this question. He's asking -- I assume he's getting toward a hearsay response which is totally inappropriate.

MR. STIDHAM: Your Honor, may we approach the bench?

(THE FOLLOWING CONFERENCE WAS HELD AT THE BENCH OUT OF THE HEARING OF THE JURY)

> MR. DAVIS: I assume the only thing possible she is here for is to get a hearsay response. If that is where he's heading, we want to object.

> MR. CROW: Our response to that -- she was asked on cross examination about the reward and she denied making a statement. This is proper impeachment. You ask the witness if they made the statement. If they deny it, then you're allowed to impeach them with the inconsistency. That is exactly the way you are supposed to do it.

MR. STIDHAM: She testified she wasn't sure whether she made that statement or not.

THE COURT: I think you are bound by her answer.

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I don't think you can collaterally attack it. Can you show me a case where you can collaterally attack --

MR. CROW: That's exactly the way you're supposed to do it with an inconsistent statement.

MR. STIDHAM: If the witness denies it or says she can't remember if something occurred -- it's important as this reward -- this witness can testify that she talked to her on two occasions, and Miss Hutcheson said she was going to get the reward money. This is the same lady that played detective and led to the incrimination of Jessie Misskelley. It is important to show that Miss Hutcheson had ulterior motives for playing detective.

MR. DAVIS: If she clearly denies that she made that statement, then he can't get it in. Her testimony, as Mr. Stidham indicated, was she didn't recall.

MR. STIDHAM: She said she did not remember saying that.

MR. DAVIS: Yeah. And he can't put on extrinsic evidence to say otherwise. The only thing this evidence would go toward would be to impeach her credibility.

MR. STIDHAM: That's what we're trying to do, your Honor.

MR. DAVIS: You can't put on extrinsic evidence of a prior inconsistent statement for the purpose of impeaching credibility unless the person denies making the statement.

MR. CROW: She says she didn't remember.

MR. STIDHAM: Miss Hutcheson's veracity is certainly in issue.

THE COURT: Can you agree as to what her testimony was because as I recall it, she says she didn't remember making a statement like that. Then you asked her -- did you ask her specifically if she made it to this woman?

MR. STIDHAM: I asked her if she never told anyone that she said she was going to get the reward. Her reply was she couldn't remember or --

MR. CROW: She didn't remember making the statement.

THE COURT: You didn't confront her with what you're trying to impeach her with and give her an opportunity to refute or deny it.

MR. STIDHAM: I asked her specifically whether she did it or not.

THE COURT: I'm going to sustain the objection.

MR. CROW: We'd like to make a proffer.

(RETURN TO OPEN COURT)

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THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, I'm going to ask you to step into the jury room for just a few minutes with the admonition not to discuss the case.

(JURY LEAVING THE COURTROOM AT THIS TIME )

THE COURT: Let the record reflect that this is a hearing out of the presence of the jury.

Gentlemen, as I understand it, you propose to question this witness with regard to a conversation that she had with a prior witness Hutcheson and you want to elicit from her testimony to the effect that Hiss Hutcheson had said she was going to receive the reward.

MR. STIDHAM: That's correct.

THE COURT: Under Rule 613 that would fall under the heading of a prior statement of a witness that is inconsistent with their testimony at the time of trial. And the rule is, is that a prior inconsistent statement can be inquired into for the purposes of impeachment provided that the witness is afforded an opportunity to explain or deny the statement, and the opposing party is afforded an opportunity to interrogate them thereon.

Here, it is similar to Harris versus Powers, 262 Ark.96, that it may very well have been an inconsistent statement. My recollection of the

witness' testimony was that she didn't remember making that statement, and you characterized it in terms, have you ever stated to anyone that you were seeking the reward or going to get the reward and she replied -- as best I recall -- and my recollection after all these witnesses isn't perfect -- but you all agreed she replied, not to her recollection.

So it would be my finding that you hadn't laid a proper foundation to allow the witness to either admit or deny the making of the inconsistency.

If you want to recall her and make her your witness for the purpose of laying that foundation, then I will allow you to attempt to impeach her even though for that purpose she might be your witness.

First of all she's going to have to be given the opportunity to admit or deny the statement; secondly, to explain that statement, and the State will also have an opportunity to cross examine her with regard to the alleged inconsistency.

MR. FOGLEMAN: Your Honor, we would also say for the record and I don't remember -- but if the testimony was that she did not recall whether or not she made such a statement, then whatever this witness testified to would not be inconsistent with what she said because she has not denied or admitted --

 THE COURT: That's basically what I'm ruling,
that a proper foundation hasn't been made. At this
point she hasn't been given an opportunity to admit or
deny and, secondly, to allow this witness to testify,
would be to allow a collateral issue to be brought
into the case that is not even impeaching her previous
testimony at this point.

I'm saying you may call that witness, make her your own witness for the purpose of laying the foundation and then proceed. I'll allow you to do that.

MR. STIDHAM: We'd like to call her back.

THE COURT: That will be fine. I will permit

that. she said she couldn't remember, but I took that

MR. FOGLEMAN: Your Honor, if she's already said that she does not recall --

THE COURT: I don't have any idea what she might say. Does anyone remember exactly what she said? My recollection is that she didn't recall having made that statement.

MR. FOGLEMAN: If that's what she said, I don't see how a proper foundation could be laid.

THE COURT: Well, he didn't preface -- he didn't set her up right. If you had asked her, do you know Dedman and did you make that statement to Rhonda

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Dedman and if she denied it, then it is perfectly permissible and I would allow it. But you've got to give her an opportunity to admit or deny having made the previous statement.

I point out that normally this rule applies to written statements. In fact the State has used written statements a number of times to impeach, but they have also given the witness an opportunity to admit or deny the previous statement. And that's all I'm saying. If you want to do that, you'll be permitted to do so.

MR. STIDHAM: We would like to do that. We were under the impression that she had denied that -- I know she said she couldn't remember, but I took that as a denial.

THE COURT: I think you have to ask her specifically.

MR. STIDHAM: We'll ask the sheriff to try to find her.

MR. FOGLEMAN: What is the witness going to say?

THE COURT: Do you want to proffer what she's
going to say?

MR. STIDHAM: Certainly, your Honor.

MR. CROW: Your Honor, one other issue. I believe Vickie Hutcheson has been released from the

rule. I would like to place her under the rule at 1 this point and she -- the witnesses that are here not 2 have any conversations with her. 3 THE COURT: They have been told -- and she was 4 ; go told -- police department, whoever had the respect 5 MR. CROW: She was released from the rule, your 6 you Honor. . y said that after the press conference came 7 THE COURT: I understand what you're saying. Go 8 ahead. It after the press conference came out; 9 PROFFER OF TESTIMONY 10 BY MR. STIDHAM: 11 Do you remember having a conversation with Vickie Hutcheson 12 13 about the reward? 14 Yes, sir. The country II you want to call her back, I'll 15 Tell the Court what the nature of the conversation was. 16 She told me they were going to split the reward money with 17 Aaron and another little boy. 18 Do you remember when it took place? 19 It was after the arrest is all. I don't remember the exact 20 date. 21 Q Was there another occasion when it was discussed? 22 Yes, sir. THE COURTS The only relevance that the court 23 What was the nature of that discussion? 24 The next discussion she told me they weren't going to split 25 the money, that they were going to give it all to Aaron. She

told me that right after the press conference came out. 1 EXAMINATION BY MR. FOGLEMAN: 2 3 Who is "they?" - child is going to get founds --4 I guess the police department, whoever had the reward 5 money. 6 You said they said that after the press conference came 7 8 out? She said that after the press conference came out. 9 She never said anything about it was herself who was going 10 to get the reward? The Moor Monor, we need to have an 11 No, she said that Aaron was going to. 12 MR. FOGLEMAN: Your Honor, I --13 14 THE COURT: If you want to call her back, I'll 15 let you. Give her an opportunity to admit or deny 16 having made that statement to Ms. Dedman and to 17 explain, if she can or cares to. Then if you do that, 18 I'll allow this lady to testify to impeach her 19 testimony. 20 MR. FOGLEMAN: How is that going to be relevant 21 -- that somebody else would be getting a reward? 22 THE COURT: The only relevance that the Court 23 sees would be the possible impeachment of that witness 24 Hutcheson. Doctor Wilkins, on his gradinglets due to

MR. FOGLEMAN: But how is the question about a

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reward even relevant if you're talking about somebody else getting a reward?

MR. CROW: From a logical standpoint we all know that if the child is going to get funds --

THE COURT: I'm ruling right now it's not relevant because a proper foundation has not been laid for impeachment.

MR. STIDHAM: We'd like to have an opportunity to discuss that and make a decision.

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. STIDHAM: Your Honor, we need to have an in-camera hearing with regard to the issue we discussed earlier.

THE COURT: I'm going to let the jury go to lunch until 1:00 o'clock.

## (RECESS)

(THE FOLLOWING CONFERENCE WAS HELD IN CHAMBERS)

THE COURT: Let the record reflect that this is a hearing out of the presence of the jury.

MR. STIDHAM: We talked about this, I think during the voir dire or prior to the voir dire examination, when we expressed our concern that the prosecution was going to attempt to somehow impeach our expert, Doctor Wilkins, on his credibility due to some disciplinary proceeding that had been pending.